	e proper logic diagram show that a ation of half-adders.	full- 10
5. (a) What	are BCD and ASCII ?	4
(b) Conve	ert as directed:	6
(i) 23	$36_{10} = ?_{8}$	
(ii) 11	$011.11_2 = ?_{10}$	
(iii) B	$AB_{16} = ?_{10}$	
6. (a) Discu	ss the essential features of an algori	thm.
Take one example		6
(b) What	is D/A converter?	4
7. (a) Draw multiplexer.	and explain the circuit of an	8×1
(b) What	is K-map? Explain its importance.	4
8. Write sho	rt notes on (any two): 5×2	2=10
(a) Demu	ltiplexer	
(b) Fixed	point vs. floating point arithmetic	
(c) Struct	tured programming	
(d) Alpha	numeric codes.	

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2011

COMPUTER SCIENCE (General)

First Paper
Full Marks : 50 Time : Two Hours
The figures in the margin indicate full marks.
Answer any five questions.
1. (a) Explain the differences between sequential and combinational circuits.
(b) Draw a block diagram of a typical digital computer and each block's functionality.
2. (a) Explain the terms with example(s): hardware, software and firmware.
(b) What is a flowchart? Discuss the importance of flowchart in programming.
3. (a) Explain 1's and 2's complement schemes with examples.
(b) Define 'overflow' and 'underflow' with illustrations.
(c) What do you mean by Third generation

P.T.O.

computers?

-	13	,
	. 2	
•		. 1

4. (a) example.	What is proposition? Explain with the he	elp of an 2+2=4
(b)	Explain Min-term and Max-term.	4
(c)	What is boolean value?	2
5. (a)	Draw the symbol of AND gate?	2
(b) for XOR ga	What is XOR gate? Write down the trate.	uth table 2+2=4
	Explain combinational circuits.	4
	What is parity bit? Draw the circuit	for even 2+4=6
(b) flip flop.	Differentiate between D and edge trig	ggered D 4
7. (a) multiplexer.	Draw and explain the circuit of	an 4×1 4
(b) of an exam	Explain the significance of K-map with ple.	the help
(c)	What is A/D converter?	2
8. W	rite short notes on any two of the following	ng:
		$5 \times 2 = 10$
(a)	EBCDIC	and the constant
(b)	Comparator	
1	Schmitt-trigger.	

P-I(1+1+1)G/12

2012

COMPUTER SCIENCE (General) First Paper

Time: Two Hours Full Marks: 50 The figures in the margin indicate full marks. Answer any five questions. 1. (a) Draw the basic block diagram of computer system. 2 (b) What is super computer? 5 (c) Explain software hierarchy. 2. (a) What is pseudo code? Write down a pseudo 2+4=6code to add first ten natural numbers. (b) Write an algorithm to find out first ten prime numbers. 3. (a) Explain positional and non positional number system. (b) Convert the following octal numbers into equivalent hexadecimal numbers. (i) $2 \ 3 \ 4_{\rm g}$ (ii) 645_{8} (iii) $4 \ 3 \ 0_{\rm o}$

P.T.O.

P-I(1+1+1)G/14

2014 COMPUTER SCIENCE (General) First Paper

Full Marks: 50

Time: Two Hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Group - A

1. Answer any five questions:

 $2 \times 5 = 10$

- (a) What is sign-magnitude?
- (b) Discuss briefly E²PROM.
- (c) What do you understand about fixed point numbers?
- (d) Write the name of non universal gates.
- (e) What is encoder?
- (f) What is Max-term expressions?
- (g) What is use of flip-flop?

Group - B

Answer any four questions:

- 2. (a) What is pseudo codes? What is its need in 1+5 Computer Science ?
 - (b) What is Algorithm? What is its importance? 4

P.T.O.

(2)

- 3. (a) Simplify the following boolean equation: $3 \times 2=6$
 - (i) abcd' + ab'c'd + abc'd' + abcd.
 - (ii) (a+b'+c')(a+b'+c)(a'+b+c)(a+b+c')
 - (b) Write short notes on prepositional logic.
- 4. (a) What do you mean by weighted code? Discuss.
- (b) Convert the following hexadecimal nos. to decimal system.
 - (i) $(A \ 3 \ BE)_{16}$
 - (ii) $(27 BFD)_{16}$

(iii)
$$(9 \ ACD)_{16}$$
 $2 \times 3 = 6$

- 5. (a) What is main memory? Why cache memory is needed? Are we use cache memory or main memory? 6
- (b) What is the drawback of ROM? Write some difference between RAM and ROM.
 - 6. (a) Convert maxterm to minterm —

$$f(a,b,c,d) = ab'cd' + abcd' + bc'd +$$

- ab'c + ab'cd + abcd.
- (b) What is Master Slave flip-flop?
- (c) Convert JK flip-flop to T flip-flop. 4

(3)

7. (a) Draw the truth table of X-NOR Gate and AND Gate.

(b) Write short note:

 $4\times2=8$

- (i) Shift register.
- (ii) Subtractor.

2/63-500

2015

COMPUTER SCIENCE (General) First Paper

Full Marks: 50

Time: Two Hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Answer question no. 1 and any four from the rest:

- 1. Answer the following questions:
- $1 \times 10 = 10$
- (a) Which of the circuits selects one of the several inputs and passes it to the output?
 - (i) Multiplexer
 - (ii) Demultiplexer
 - (iii) Encoder
 - (iv) Decoder
- (b) A/An____ gate can be used as universal gate.
 - (i) OR
 - (ii) XOR
 - (iii) AND
 - (iv) NAND

- (c) Which of the following languages follows structured programming concepts?
 - (i) BASIC
 - (ii) PASCAL
 - (iii) FORTRAN
 - (iv) C
- (d) Which of the following representations of binary number exhibits two values of zero?
 - (i) Sign-magnitude
 - (ii) 1's complement
 - (iii) Both (i) & (ii)
 - (iv) None of them
- (e) BIOS is a _____
 - (i) Hardware
 - (ii) Software
 - (iii) Firmware
 - (iv) Netware
- (f) The binary equivalent of (.625)₁₀ is
 - (i) $(.110)_2$
 - (ii) $(.001)_2$
 - (iii) $(010)_2$
 - (iv) $(.101)_2$

- (g) Master-slave flip-flop avoids
 - (i) Racing
 - (ii) Race condition
 - (iii) Propagation delay
 - (iv) toggling
- (h) The main components of a 2nd generation computer were the
 - (i) Vaccum tubes
 - (ii) Transistor
 - (iii) MSI Chip
 - (iv) Relays
- (i) The operating system is a/an
 - (i) Hardware component
 - (ii) System Software
 - (iii) Application Software
 - (iv) Utility Software
- (j) Which of the following does not belong to octal number system?
 - (i) 1101
 - (ii) 2000
 - (iii) 792
 - (iv) 222

2. (a) What is the function of a multiplexer? Draw and explain the logic circuit of 8×1 multiplexer. $2+4=6$
(b) What is a multivibrator?
(c) Explain underflow with a suitable example. 2
3. For the Boolean expression
$\overline{A}\overline{B}C + \overline{A}\overline{B}\overline{C} + \overline{A}B\overline{C} + \overline{A}BC + A\overline{B}\overline{C} + A\overline{B}C$ (i) draw the logic circuit;
(ii) reduce using k-map;
(iii) draw the reduced logic circuit. 3+4+3=10
4. (a) Explain 1's and 2's complement schemes with
example. 4
(b) What is K-map? Explain its importance. 4
(c) What do you mean by 5th generation?
5. (a) Convert the following octal numbers into equivalent hexadecimal numbers.
(i) (243) ₈ (ii) (564) ₈
(iii) (403) ₈
(b) Explain positional and non-positional number
system. 4

	6.	(a)	Explain parity generator.	1
for	XO		What is XOR gate? Write down the truth table te. $2+2=4$	
		(c)	Draw the symbol of AND gate.	2
	7.	For	a 4-input XOR operation —	
		(a)	Write down the truth table.	
		(b)	Write down the minterm and maxtern expressions.	1
		(c)	Draw the logic circuit for minterm expression. $3+(2+2)+3=10$) .