# ZOOLOGY (Honours)

Paper Code : II-A
[New Syllabus]

Full Marks: 10

Time: Thirty Minutes

- 1. Write / Fill your correct Subject Name, Subject Code & Paper Code in the space provided on the top of the OMR sheet (Subject Codes are given on the back of the OMR sheet & Paper Code in the Question Paper.)
- 2. Write / Fill your Name, Roll number, Registration number, Regn. Session, Exam Date and Exam Session in the space provided on the OMR Sheet.
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Choose the correct answer.

Each question carries 1 mark.

- 1. Glands behind the head of toads are aggregations of—
  - (A) Parotid glands
  - (B) Uropygial glands
  - (C) Femoral glands
  - (D) Scent glands
- 2. Cutaneous respiration occurs in -
  - (A) Rana sp.
  - (B) Scoliodon sp.
  - (C) Calotes sp.
  - (D) Oryctolagus sp.
- 3. Mammals evolved from
  - (A) Cotylosour reptile
  - (B) Cyanodont reptile
  - (C) Dinosaur
  - (D) Pterosaurs
- 4. Wheel organ is found in -
  - (A) Balanoglossus sp.
  - (B) Petromyzon sp.
  - (C) Myxine sp.
  - (D) Branchiostoma sp.

Turn Over

1/140-700

(3:)

5. Air bladder in fishes does not help in —	
(A) Respiration	
(B) Excretion	
(C) Sound production	
(D) Behaving as hydrostatic organ	· ·
6. Kidney of Calotes is —	
(A) Mesonephric	
(B) Metanephric	
(C) Pronephric	
(D) Anephric	
7. Which of the following feather is a typical flight feath	her?
(A) Quill	
(B) Contour	
(C) Covert	
(D) Filoplume	
8. The nail, claws, horns and hoofs in mammals are pr	roduced by—
(A) Bone	
(B) Stratum corneum	
(C) Dermis	
(D) Muscles	

9.	The heart of man is —
	(A) cardiogenic
	(B) digenic
	(C) neurogenic
	(D) myogenic
10.	Scutes are epidermal scales found on/in —
	(A) fishes
	(B) shell of turtles
	(C) lizards
	(D) tail of snakes

## ZOOLOGY (Honours)

Paper Code: II-B
[New Syllabus]

Full Marks: 40

Time: One Hour Thirty Minutes

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

#### Unit - 1

(Life and Diversity: Urochordates to Mammals)

## 1. Answer any two questions:

4×2=

- (a) Write the salient features of primates with suitable examples.
- (b) Write short note on soaring.
- (c) Describe the structure and function of scroll valve of Scoliodon sp.
- (d) State the different functions of air sacs in Pigeon.

### 2. Answer any one question:

12×1=

- (a) Distinguish Metatheria and Eutheria. Write the anatomical peculiarities Marsupialia. Add a note on Marsupium.

  4+4+4=1
- (b) Define the term angle of attack and drag. State the principle aerodynamics in birds. Describe briefly the different phases of flig mechanism.
- (c) Write anatomical peculiarities of sphenodon sp. Write a short note on pine eye in reptiles. What are hemipenes?

  6+4+2=1

## Unit - 2

# (Life and Diversity: Comparative anatomy and special features)

- 3. Answer any two questions:
  - (a) Write short note antler.

 $4 \times 2 = 8$ 

- (b) Write short note on ruminant stomach.
- (c) Write a short note on hair.
- (d) What are aortic arches?
- 4. Answer any one question:

12×1=12

- (a) Describe the location and principal functions of each of the following skin glands:  $3 \times 4 = 12$ 
  - (i) Sweat gland
  - (ii) Scent gland
  - (iii) Sebaceous gland
  - (iv) Mammary gland
- (b) Briefly describe the structure of tooth. Give examples of two mammals where teeth are completely absent in all stages of life. What is dental 4+2+2+4=12 formula? Add a note on Tusk.
- (c) Give a comparative account of heart among vertebrates.

12

## ZOOLOGY (Honours)

Paper Code : III-A [New Syllabus]

Full Marks: 10

Time: Thirty Minutes

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# Choose the correct answer,

# Each question carries 1 mark

Standard deviation is a	ries I most.
1. Standard deviation is the square of—	murk,
(A) mode	
(B) standard error	
(C) variance	
(D) regression	
2. Cluster X is —	
(A) multiple sequence alignment tool	
(B) protein secondary structure predict	ing tool
(C) data retrieving tool	ang tool
(D) nucleic acid sequence analysis tool	
3. Which of the following is not a measure of	
(A) Mean	r central tendency?
(B) mode	b was but
(C) range	telough have
(D) median	
4. Project tiger was launched in India in the y	/ear —
(A) 1973	, <b></b>
(B) 1975	
(C) 1978	
(D) 1972	

Turn Over

	5. In India, first Biosphere Reserve wa	as established in —	
	(A) Nanda Devi	M.	
	(B) Corbett National Park		
	(C) Nilgiri		
	(D) Manas		
	6. Which stage of life cycle of rice wee	vil causes maximum dam	age to the
	(A) Egg		
,	(B) Larva		
	(C) Pupa		
•	(D) Adult		
	7. Maximum quantity of honey is obtain	ned from —	
	(A) Apis dorsata		
	(B) Apis mellifera		
	(C) Apis florea		
	(D) Apis indica		
	8. Indian Tasar Silk is obtained from —		
	(A) Antheraea mylitta		
	(B) Antheraea pernyi		
	(C) Antheraea yamamai		
	(D) All of the above		

9:	Dropsy disease in fish is caused by —
	(A) Bacteria
	(B) Virus
	(C) Protozoa
	(D) Fungi
0.	In honey bee drone develops from —
	(A) fertilized egg
	(B) unfertilized egg
·	(C) schizogony
	(D) asexual reproduction

## ZOOLOGY (Honours)

Paper Code : III-B [New Syllabus]

Full Marks: 40

Time: One Hour Thirty Minute

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

#### Unit - 1

#### (Applied Zoology)

1. Answer any two questions:

4×2=

- (a) Define Major and Minor pest with suitable example.
- (b) Define Propolis and state its uses.
- (c) Write the composition and uses of honey.
- (d) Define Sporadic and Potential pests with suitable example.
- 2. Answer any one question:

 $12 \times 1 = 1$ 

- (a) Describe the life cycle, damaging nature and control measures of *Sitophili oryzae*. 6+3+3=1.
- (b) Describe the hatchery technology of Fresh Water Prawn Culture. What d you mean by extensive and intensive type of Prawn Culture? 8+4=12
- (c) Write short notes on
  - (i) Epizootic Ulcerative Syndrome (EUS) in fishes.
  - (ii) Castes of Bee colony.

6+6=12

### Unit - 2

# (Conservation Biology and Wildlife, Biostatistics and Bioinformatics)

3. Answer any two questions:

 $4 \times 2 = 8$ 

- (a) Define standard deviation and standard error:
- (b) Give an account of protein sequence database.
- (c) Write a short note on Project Lion in India.
- (d) Write a short note on causes of depletion of wildlife in India.
- 4. Answer any one question:

 $12 \times 1 = 12$ 

3×4=12

- (a) Write short note on:
  - (i) EMBL
  - (ii) Nucleotide sequence database
  - (iii) Clustal X
  - (iv) NCBI
- (b) What do you mean by conservation? Describe ex situ and in situ conservation processes. Write the common names and scientific names of one endemic endangered species of India from each of these groups mammal, reptile, bird and amphibia.

# ZOOLOGY (Honours)

Paper Code : V-A

(Histology, Histochemistry, Microscopy and Analytical Techniques) [New Syllabus]

Full Marks: 10

Time: Thirty Minutes

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## Choose the correct answer.

## Each question carries 1 mark.

	1/2	TICS I MAIK.	
1 provides nut	rition to the deve	loping span	
(A) Spermatogonia		sperm	atozoa —
(B) Sertoli cell			
(C) Tunica albugine	a		
(D) Leydig cell		and and annual	

- 2. Which of the following is a neutral stain?
  - (A) Crystal violet
  - (B) Eosin
  - (C) Haematoxylin
  - (D) Lishman's stain
- 3. DNA molecules run through an agarose gel become visible under UV light due to its interaction with
  - (A) Ethidium bromide
  - (B) Agarose
  - (C) CBBR250
  - (D) APS
- 4. Surface structure of a bacterial cyst can be visualised by—
  - (A) SEM
  - (B) TEM
  - (C) Phase-Contrast microscope
  - (D) Both A and B

Turn Over

5. The thick filaments of skeletal muscle fibres —
(A) consist of both actin and myosin.
(B) are present in the A-band
(C) In the Z-line itself.
(D) are present in the I-band.
6. Which of the following cells manufacture and release mineralocorticoids
(A) cells of Zona glomerulosa
(B) cells of zona reticularis
(C) cells of Zona fasciculata
(D) chromaffin cells
<ul><li>7. The chief cells and parietal cells are located in part of aliment canal.</li><li>(A) small intestine</li></ul>
(B) large intestine
(C) oesophagus (D) stomach
8. Which one of the following is not example of basic dye?
(A) Crystal violet
(B) Methylene blue
(C) Basic fuchsin
(D) Picric acid

- 9. Why in staining of nucleus by haematoxylin mordant is used?
  - (A) The chromophoric group of haematoxylin is cationic
  - (B) The chromophoric group of haematoxylin is an ionic
  - (C) The chromophoric group of haematoxylin contains both cationic and anionic groups
  - (D) None of the above
- 10. In the equation  $A = \in bc$ , what quantity is represented by " $\in$ "?
  - (A) Absorbance
  - (B) Molar extinction coefficient
  - (C) Path length
  - (D) None of these

## ZOOLOGY (Honours)

Paper Code: V-B
[New Syllabus]

Full Marks: 40

Time: One Hour Thirty Minutes

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

#### Unit - 1

#### (Histology and Histochemistry)

1. Answer any two of the following:

4×2=8

3.

- (a) Describe the process of Double staining of histological tissue sections.
- (b) What is numerical aperture? State the function of condenser lens.
- (c) With suitable diagram elucidate the histological details of mammalian liver
- (d) Write the criteria of a good fixative and explain why mixed fixative is preferred over primary fixative?

  3+1=4
- 2. Answer any one question:

12×1=11

- (a) Point out the differences in the histological organization of oesophagus and small intestine of mammalian digestive tract. Add a note on the histological and functional aspects of thyroid follicle.

  (3+3)+(3+3)
- (b) Write a short note on
  - (i) PAS staining Method
  - (ii) Haversian system of bone tissue.

6+

3/137-750

(c) Define mordant. Explain the chemical principle of fixation. What is vital stain? State the composition of Bouin's fluid and Carnoy's fixative.

2+4+3+3=12

### Unit - 2

## (Microscopy and Analytical Techniques)

### 3. Answer any two questions:

 $4 \times 2 = 8$ 

- (a) State the working principle and biological applications of density gradient centrifugation.
- (b) Differentiate Scanning Electron Microscope (SEM) and Transmission Electron Microscope (TEM).
- (c) Explain the Lambert Beer's Law.
- (d) Point out the utility of TEMED and APS in polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis (PAGE) technique.

## 4. Answer any one question:

12×1=12

- (a) Define mobile phase. Explain the methods for separation of aminoacids using paper chromatography. State the biological and analytical application of HPLC.
- (b) Give a brief account on the methodology of Polyacrylamide Gel Electrophoresis mentioning its clinical application.
- (c) Write the principle of electrophoresis. Why SDS and bromophenol blue are used in SDS-polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis. How molecular weight of a protein can be determined by SDS polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis?

## ZOOLOGY (Honours)

Paper Code : VI-A
[New Syllabus]

Full Marks: 10

Time: Thirty Minutes

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Choose the correct answer.

Each question carries 1 mark.

- 1. Microtubular structure of cilium is called
  - (A) basal body
  - (B) ciliary rootlet
  - (C) axonem
  - (D) kinetosome
- 2. What part of the cell forms nuclear envelope during telophase?
  - (A) Cytoskeleton
  - (B) Centriole
  - (C) Golgi complex
  - (D) Endoplasmic reticulum
- 3. The cells lacking endoplasmic reticulum are
  - (A) amphibian monocyte
  - (B) mature erythrocytes of mammals
  - (C) mature leucocytes
  - (D) mammalian monocyte
- 4. Mitochondria are not found in
  - (A) liver cell
  - (B) nerve cell
  - (C) muscle cell
  - (D) mature RBC

Turn Over

5. Lysosomes are absent in —
(A) erythrocytes
(B) plasma cells
(C) nerve cells
(D) muscle cells
6. Alleles that product independent effects in heterozygous conditions are called
(A) codominant allele
(B) haplosufficient allele
(C) complementary allele
~(D) supplementary allele
7. Crossing over occurs at —
(A) 1 strand stage
(B) 2 strand stage
(C) 3 strand stage
(D) 4 strand stage
8. Chromosome theory of sex determination was propounded by —
(A) McClung
(B) Balbiani
(C) Goldschmidt
(D) Mendel

9. Which of the following is sex linked?		
(A) sickle-cell anaemia		
(B) albinism	4.	
(C) haemophilia		
(D) phenylketonuria		
10. The loss of one single chromosome create a cond		
(A) trisomy	nuon calle	≥d —
(B) nullisomy		
(C) monosomy		
(D) haploid		

## ZOOLOGY (Honours)

# Paper Code : VI-B [New Syllabus]

Full Marks: 40

Time: One Hour Thirty Minute

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

#### Unit - 1

(Cell Biology)

1. Answer any two questions:

4×2=

3.

- (a) Briefly describe the various functions performed by plasma membrane.
- (b) Write short note on Endocytosis.
- (c) Describe briefly how secretary proteins find their destination.
- (d) Write a short note on MPF.

2. Answer any one question:

12×1=1

- (a) Describe centrosome cycle. Describe how mitotic spindles are formed with appropriate figure.

  6+(4+2)=1.
- (b) What is the structural component of microfilaments? Describe will diagram how polymerization of microfilament occur. Add a note on Add filament treadmilling.
- (c) Define Lysosome. Describe the structure and functions of Lysosome. All a note on Lysosomal enzymes.

  2+(3+4)+3=1

#### Unit - 2

#### (Genetics)

## 3. Answer any two questions:

 $4 \times 2 = 8$ 

- (a) What do you mean by reciprocal cross? Why it is important?
- (b) Why pattern baldness is rarely found in woman? Describe with appropriate cross.
- (c) How Mendel came to the idea that "Genes do not blend, but remain discrete (particulate) as they are transmitted "?
- (d) Write a short note on Down syndrome.

## 4. Answer any one question:

 $12 \times 1 = 12$ 

- (a) A male mouse with brown fur colour is mated to two different female mice with black fur. Black female 1 produces a litter of 9 black and 7 brown pups. Black female 2 produces 14 black pups.
  - Choose symbles for each alleles and identify the genotypes of the brown male and two black females. Explain which of the phenotype is dominant? Explain your answer with suitable cross. Define recessive trait.

6+2+2+2=12

- (b) Define Sex Chromosome. Describe the experiment that led the Genic Balance theory. Write the role of Y-Chromosome in sex determination of Drosophila and human. 8+4=12
- (c) Describe the experiment of Griffith. Why it is important?

P-II (1+1+1) H/18

## 2018

# ZOOLOGY (Honours)

Paper Code : VII-A [New Syllabus]

Full Marks: 10

Time: Thirty Minutes

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Choose the correct answer.

Each question carries 1 mark.

- 1. Transparent mucous membrane covering the inner surface of eyelid is

  - (B) lacrimal apparatus
  - (C) comea
  - (D) conjunctiva
- 2. Membrane attached to the stapes -
  - (A) tympanic membrane
  - (B) oval window
  - (C) round window
  - (D) tectorial membrane
- 3. The internal C-shaped crest of the right atrium which indicates the opening for the Superior vena cava and Inferior vena cava is -
  - (A) crista terminalis
  - (B) ligamentum arteriosum
  - (C) fossa ovalis
  - (D) trabeculae carneae
- 4. The value responsible for preventing back flow of blood from the lungs into the heart —
  - (A) tricuspid value
  - (B) bicuspid value
  - (C) aortic semilunar value
  - (D) pulmonary semilunar value

Turn Over

(3)

5. Lactose is made up of one glucose and	one galactose unit linked by
(A) β-1,4 linkage	
(B) α-1,4 linkage	
(C) β-1,6 linkage .	
(D) α-1,6 linkage	
6. In glycolysis, the pyruvic acid is reduced	to lactic acid anaerobically in —
(A) liver	
(B) muscle	
(C) brain	
(D) skin	
7. The electron transport chain occurs in —	
(A) outer mitochondrial membrane	
(B) inner mitochondrial membrane	
(C) cytoplasm	
(D) mitochondrial matrix	
8. Which of the following amino-acids glucogenic?	is considered both ketogenic and
(A) Aspartate	o gome an
(B) Alanine	
(C) Proline	
(D) Tyrosine	

- 9. Enzyme increase the speed of a chemical reaction by
  - (A) changing the equilibrium
  - (B) increasing the energy of reactant molecule
  - (C) lowering the energy of activation
  - (D) changing the mode of the reaction.
- 10. A neurotransmitter is a molecule that crosses the -
  - (A) synaptic cleft
  - (B) synaptic cleft and the postsynaptic membrane
  - (C) Presynaptic membrane and the synaptic cleft
  - (D) postsynaptic membrane

P-II (1+1+1) H/18 (M)

#### 2018

### ZOOLOGY (Honours)

Paper Code : VII-B
[New Syllabus]

Full Marks: 40

Time: One Hour Thirty Minutes

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

#### Unit - 1

#### (Animal Physiology)

1. Answer any two questions:

 $4 \times 2 = 8$ 

3.

- (a) Write a note on chloride shift.
- (b) State briefly the different means of CO<sub>2</sub> transport in blood.
- (c) What do you mean by cortical and juxtramedullary nephrons?
- (d) Draw and describe the structure of a nephron.
- 2. Answer any *one* question:

 $12 \times 1 = 12$ 

- (a) With a neat diagram, briefly describe the structure of Cochlea. State the importance of Reissner's membrane. What is organ of Corti? Describe its structure with diagram.
- (b) Write short notes on —

4+4+4=12

- (i) Tubular Secretion in nephron.
- (ii) Erythropoesis.
- (iii) Alzheimer's disease.

3/139-750

(c) Define synapse. Explain briefly the types of synapse and the synaptic transmission of nerve impulse with suitable diagram.

#### Unit - 2

## (Biochemistry)

3. Answer any two questions:

 $4 \times 2 = 8$ 

- (a) Briefly write on the decarboxylation steps of TCA cycle.
- (b) What are co-enzymes? Write the significance of Michaelis-Menten constant.
- (c) Write the role of the following enzymes during glycogen synthesis:
  - (i) UDP-Glucose pyrophosphorylase
  - (ii) Glycogen synthase
- (d) Write short note on mutarotation.
- 4. Answer any one question:

 $12 \times 1 = 12$ 

- (a) Define carbohydrates. What is anomerism? Draw the structures of disaccharides having β-1,4 glycoside bond and α-1,4 glycoside bond.
   Define chiral carbon.
- (b) Name the complexes I to V of ETC. Describe how chemiosmotic gradient is generated in mitochondria. Draw and describe the structure of complex V of ETC. How chemiosmotic gradient is coupled with ATP production?

  2+4+4+2=12
- (c) Classify enzymes on the basis of the reactions they perform with appropriate example.

## ZOOLOGY (Honours)

Paper Code: IX-A

[New Syllabus]

full Marks: 10

Time: Thirty Minutes

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Choose the correct answer.

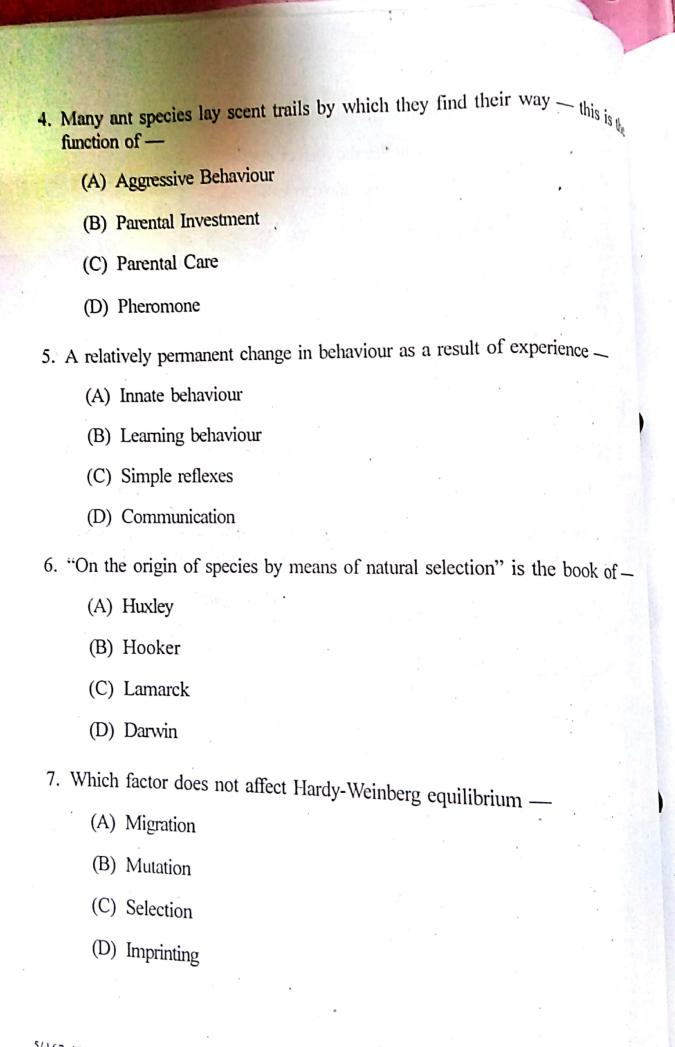
Each question carries 1 mark.

## 1. Father of taxonomy is —

- (A) Lamarck
- (B) Darwin
- (C) Linnaeus
- (D) Hook

## 2. "Law of priority" covers the period —

- (A) From 1758 to present
- (B) From 1858 to present
- (C) From 1658 to present
- (D) From 1958 to present
- 3. Waggle dance is shown by
  - (A) Ant
  - (B) Butterfly
  - (C) Sparrow
  - (D) Honeybee



8. Neoceratodus is found in	
(A) Australian realm	
(B) Ethiopian realm	
(C) Neotropical realm	,.
(D) Oriental realm	
9. Which adaptation is also called "speed adaptation"	?
(A) Aquatic adaptation	
(B) Cursorial adaptation	
(C) Volant adaptation	
(D) Scansorial adaptation	
10. Which of the following is closest relative man?	
(A) Chimpanzee	
(B) Gorilla	
(C) Orangutan	
(D) Gibbon	*

#### MIS

### ZOOLOGY (Honours)

Paper Code: IX-5
[New Scilabus]

Full Marks: W

Time: One Hour Though

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

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#### I Survey and one directories:

- (a) What do you mean by tannanny \* Thifteeniale between the
- sunformed Livingshood ni primity in Devignori Momentainne
- " mzurda iczonicza moi necellib z mzurda woli! (3)
- (d) What is kinesis? With its different quest

### े नामान्य सांग वार वास्त्राच्या :

- (a) Why male parent in fishes is more parental compared to femily Explain briefly the Eustriality in termiles. Explain feating feating example.
- (b) With about the communication in honey bees by these by Differentiate between instinctive and learned behaviour. These sol different types of migration among tishes.
- (c) Define species. Describe in demil the Bhilogram species are the difference between humanum and species.

### Unit - 2

## (Adaptation and Evolution)

3.	Answer	any	two	questions	:
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 $4 \times 2 = 8$ 

- (a) "Industrial melanism in peppered moth is an best example of natural selective." Justify the statement.
- (b) Write a note on Adaptive Radiation.
- (c) What do you mean by Founder effect and Population bottleneck in evolution?
- (d) What is adaptation? Write the structural modifications for aquatic adaptation.

### 4. Answer any one question:

 $12 \times 1 = 12$ 

- (a) Define population. State Hardy-Weinberg's law of equilibrium. Discuss its salient features and significance. 2+4+6
- (b) What is isolation? Discuss the various isolating barrier and the significance of isolation in evolution. 2+5+5
- (c) What do you mean by fossil and fossilization? Describe in brief the different processes of fossilization. Enumerate the different methods for determination of age of fossil.

  4+4+4

# ZOOLOGY (Honours)

Paper Code : X-A
[New Syllabus]

Full Marks: 10

Time: Thirty Minutes

- 1. Write / Fill your correct Subject Name, Subject Code & Paper Code are given on the back of the OMR sheet (Subject Codes Question Paper.)
- 2. Write / Fill your Name, Roll number, Registration number, Regn. Session, Exam Date and Exam Session in the space provided on the OMR Sheet.
- 3. Each item has four alternative responses marked (A), (B), (C) and (D). You have to darken the circle as indicated below on the correct response against each item.
- 4. Your responses to the items are to be indicated in the **OMR Sheet** given inside the Paper Booklet only. If you mark at any place other than in the circle in the OMR Sheet, it will not be evaluated.
- 5. If you write your Phone Number in the OMR Sheet or use abusive language or employ any other unfair means, you will render yourself liable to disqualification.
- 6. You have to return the OMR Sheet to the invigilators at the end of the examination compulsorily and must not carry it with you outside the Examination Hall.
- 7. Use only Blue/Black Ball point pen. Use of any mobile phone, calculator or log table etc. in examination hall, is prohibited.

Choose the correct answer.

Each question carries 1 mark.

- 1. Bacterial cell wall is made up of
  - (A) Phospholipid
  - (B) Cellulose
  - (C) Peptidoglycan
  - (D) Dextran
- 2. The chief constituent of agar is
  - (A) Polysaccharide
  - (B) Fat
  - (C) Phosphate
  - (D) Potassium
- 3. Which one of the following is a primary lymphoid organ?
  - (A) Spleen
  - (B) Thymus
  - (C) Lymph node
  - (D) Peyer's patch

#### 4. A virion is -

- (A) an entire virus particle consisting of a nucleic acid core and a protein coat
- (B) a nucleic acid core of a virus
- (C) a protein coat of a virus
- (D) an antiviral agent
- 5. Which one of the following antibodies can cross placenta?
  - (A) IgA
  - (B) IgE
  - (C) IgM
  - (D) IgG
- 6. The vector of Schistosoma sp. is a
  - (A) Cyclops
  - (B) Mite
  - (C) Snail
  - (D) Flea
- 7. Malignant malaria is caused by
  - (A) Plasmodium falciparum
  - (B) Plasmodium ovale
  - (C) Plasmodium vivax
  - (D) Plasmodium malariae

8.	Which	one of the following parasites has only one host?
	(A)	Plasmodium vivax
	(B)	Entamoeba histolytica
	(C)	Trypanosoma gambiense
	(D)	Taenia solium
9.	Which	one of the following is an infective stage of Taenia solium?
	(A)	Rhabditiform
	(B)	Microfilaria
	(C)	Metacercaria
	(D)	Cysticercus
10.	Which	one of the following disease is not transmitted by mosquitoes ?
	(A)	Dengue Fever
	(B)	Yellow Fever
	(C)	Relapsing Fever
	(D)	Black Water Fever

# ZOOLOGY (Honours)

Paper Code : XI-A [New Syllabus]

<sub>Full</sub> Marks : 10

Time: Thirty Minutes

- Write / Fill your correct Subject Name, Subject Code & Paper Code in the space provided on the top of the OMR sheet (Subject Codes are given on the back of the OMR sheet & Paper Code in the Question Paper.)
- Write / Fill your Name, Roll number, Registration number, Regn. Session, Exam Date and Exam Session in the space provided on the OMR Sheet.
- 3. Each item has four alternative responses marked (A), (B), (C) and (D). You have to darken the circle as indicated below on the correct response against each item.
- 4. Your responses to the items are to be indicated in the OMR Sheet given inside the Paper Booklet only. If you mark at any place other than in the circle in the OMR Sheet, it will not be evaluated.
- 5. If you write your Phone Number in the OMR Sheet or use abusive language or employ any other unfair means, you will render yourself liable to disqualification.
- 6. You have to return the OMR Sheet to the invigilators at the end of the examination compulsorily and must not carry it with you outside the Examination Hall.
- 7. Use only Blue/Black Ball point pen. Use of any mobile phone, calculator or log table etc. in examination hall, is prohibited.

Choose the correct answer.

Each question carries 1 mark.

- 1. Which one is sedimentary cycle?
  - (A) Oxygen cycle
  - (B) Hydrogen cycle
  - (C) Nitrogen cycle
  - (D) Phosphorus cycle
- 2. The final stable community in an ecological succession is called
  - (A) Final Community
  - (B) Ultimate Community
  - (C) Climax Community
  - (D) Seral Community
- 3. When both partners are affected negatively, the nature of interaction is
  - (A) Commensalism
  - (B) Competition
  - (C) Predation
  - (D) Amensalism

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4. The carrying capacity of a population is determined by its
(A) Population growth rate
(B) Natality
(C) Mortality
(D) Limiting Resources
5. The functional status of an organism in its community is called —
(A) Habitat
(B) Niche
(C) Biome
(D) Habit
6. Minamata disease was caused by pollution of water by —
(A) Mercury
(B) Léad
(C) Tin
(D) Methyl iso cyanate
7. Which of the following is not an air pollutant?
(A) Sulphur dioxide
(B) Sewage
(C) CFC's
(D) SPM
(-) SI [V]
•

Which of the following is not green house gas?
(A) CO <sub>2</sub> (Carbon dioxide)
(B) Nitrous oxide
(C) CH <sub>3</sub> (Methane)
(D) Nitrogen (N <sub>2</sub> )
9. Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) is mandatory under which one of the following India legislations —
(A) Indian Forest Act
(B) Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act
(C) Wildlife Project Act
(D) Environment (Projection) Act
10. The causative agent of botulism is —
(A) Clostridium tuberculosis
(B) Clostridium tetani
(C) Clostridium botulinum
(D) Mycobacteria paratuberculosis
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## **ZOOLOGY** (Honours)

Paper Code : XI-B [New Syllabus]

Full Marks: 40

Time: One Hour Thirty Minutes

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Unit - 1

(Ecology)

1. Answer any two questions:

 $4 \times 2 = 8$ 

- (a) Differentiate between Net Primary Productivity and Gross Primary Productivity.
- (b) What do you mean by stable and expanding age distribution?
- (c) Define Commensalism and Mutualism with examples.
- (d) What do you mean by carrying capacity?
- 2. Answer any one question:

12×1=12

- (a) Explain 'Y' shaped energy flow model with its components and significance. What do you mean by the term ecotone and edge effect? Define competition.

  6+4+2=12
- (b) Describe the survivorship curve based on survivors and age with examples. Define predation. Write the characteristic features of energy flow.

6+2+4=12

(c) Briefly explain the Nitrogen cycle. Explain the 'S' shaped growth curve of population. What do you mean by immigration and emigration?

5+5+2=12

5/169-450

### Unit - 2

# (Environmental Biology and Toxicology)

3. Answer any two questions:

 $4 \times 2 = 8$ 

- (a) What do you mean by Biomagnification?
- (b) Write a note on Minamata disease.
- (c) Write briefly on arsenic poisoning.
- (d) Write note on particulate matters.
- 4. Answer any one question:

 $12 \times 1 = 12$ 

(a) Define soil pollution. What are the principal types of soil pollutants? Mention some principal anthropogenic sources of soil pollutants.

2+6+4=12

(b) Write the effects of fertilizer on human and plants. Add a note on heavy metal pollution. State the impacts of pesticides on human health. 4+4+4=12

(c) What are primary and secondary pollutants? What are biodegradable and non biodegradable pollutants? What is photochemical smog? 4+6+2=12