## 1st Unit Test Examination-2023 MATHEMATICS (Honours)

Paper Code: DC-H-13

Full Marks: 20

Time: one Hour

## Group-A

Answer any four questions.

- 1. (a) State fundamental theorem of L.P.P.
  - (b) An agricultural farm has 180 tons of Nitrogen fertilizers, 250 tons of phosphate and 220 tons of potash. It is able to sell 3:3:4 mixtures of these substances at a profit of Rs 15 per tons and 1:2:1 mixture at profit of Rs 12 per ton respectively. Pose a linear programming problem to show how many tons of these two mixtures should be prepared to obtain the maximum profit. [2+3=5]
- 2. Prove that in  $E^2$ , the set  $X = \{(x, y) : y^2 \le x\}$  is a convex set, while the set  $X = \{(x, y) : y^2 \ge x\}$  is not a convex set. [5]
- 3. Prove that every extreme point of the convex set of all feasible solutions of the system

$$Ax = b, x \ge 0$$

corresponds to a basic feasible solutions.

4. If  $x_1 = 2, x_2 = 3, x_3 = 1$  is a feasible solution of the L.P.P. Maximize  $z = x_1 + 2x_2 + 4x_3$ subject to

$$2x_1 + x_2 + 4x_3 = 11$$
  
$$3x_1 + x_2 + 5x_3 = 14$$
  
$$x_1, x_2, x_3 \ge 0$$

Find a basic feasible solutions

 $4 \times 5 = 20$ 

[5]

[5]

- 5. Solve the following problem by Big M-method Minimize  $z = 2x_1 + 3x_2$ subject to
  - $2x_1 + 7x_2 \ge 22$  $x_1 + x_2 \ge 6$  $5x_1 + x_2 \ge 10$  $x_1, x_2 \ge 0$
- 6. Maximize  $z = 2x_1 + x_2$ subject to

 $4x_1 + 3x_2 \le 12$  $4x_1 + x_2 \le 8$  $4x_1 - x_2 \le 8$  $x_1, x_2 \ge 0$ 

Find out the extreme points of the convex set of feasible solutions and hence find out the maximum value of the objective function. [5]

## Gour Mahavidyalaya

## **MATHEMATICS** (Honours)

Paper Code: MATH-H-DSE03(1)

Point set typology Semister VI

Class test 1

Full Marks : 20

Time : 1 hour

1. Answer any one.

 $1 \times 2 = 2$ 

 $1 \times 3 = 3$ 

 $1 \times 5 = 5$ 

- (a) Define topology and topological space. Give example of a topology on  $X = \{1, 2, 3\}$  and a collection of subsets of  $X = \{1, 2, 3\}$  which is not a topology on X. [1+1]
- (b) What do you mean by lower limit topology and k-topology on real line. Which is finer? Justify. [1+1]
- 2. Answer any one.
  - (a) Let  $X = \{a, b, c, d, e\}$  and  $\mathcal{A} = \{\{a, b, c\}, \{c, d\}, \{d, e\}\}$ . Find the topology generated by  $\mathcal{A}$ .

Is every basis is a subbasis and vice-versa? Justify. [2+1]

- (b) Let {*T<sub>i</sub>* : *i* ∈ Λ} be any collection of topologies on *X*. Then the intersection ∩ *T<sub>i</sub>* forms a topology. Is also ∪ *T<sub>i</sub>* forms a topology? Justify. Where Λ is index set. [2+1]
- 3. Answer any one.
  - (a) Let X be a topological space. Suppose that C is a collection of open sets of X such that for each open set U of X and each x ∈ U there is an element C of C such that x ∈ C ⊂U. Then show that C is a basis for that topology of X.
  - (b) Consider Y = [-3,3] as a subspace of  $\mathbb{R}$ . Which of the following sets are open in Y? Which are open in  $\mathbb{R}$ ? Justify with proper explanation.  $A = \{x \in \mathbb{R} : 2 < |x| \le 3\}$  $B = \{x \in \mathbb{R} : -2 < x \le 3 \text{ and } \frac{x}{3} \notin \sin^{-1} \frac{n\pi}{4}; n = 1, 2, 3, 4.\}$  $C = \{x \in \mathbb{R} : 2 \le |x| < 3\}$  [5]

4. Answer any two.

- (a) Let A and B be two connected subspace of X such that  $A \cap B \neq \phi$ . Does it imply  $A \cap B$  is connected? Justify your answer. [2]
- (b) Let *T*<sub>1</sub> and *T*<sub>1</sub> are two topologies on X. If *T*<sub>1</sub> ⊆ *T*<sub>2</sub>, what does disconnectedness of X in one topology imply about disconnectedness in other?
- (c) Is the subspace  $Y = [-1, 0) \cup (0, 1]$  connected in the subspace topology of  $\mathbb{R}$ . Justify. [2]
- 5. Show that the closure of a connected set is connected. [3]
- 6. Prove that the only connected subsets of Q are singleton sets, in the subspace topology of R [3]

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