2022

## GOUR MAHAVIDYALAYA DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS Paper : MTMH - DC-08 [CBCS]

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.
Notations and symbols have their usual meanings.

## Group- A

[Full marks: 15]

1. Answer any one question:
$[1 \times 4=4]$
(a) Solve $\left(x y^{2}-e^{1 / x^{3}}\right) d x-x^{2} y d y=0$.
(b) Solve $\frac{d x}{d y}=x^{2} y^{3}+2 x y$.
2. Find the differential equation of the confocal conics $\frac{x^{2}}{a^{2}+\lambda}+\frac{y^{2}}{b^{2}+\lambda}=1$, where $a, b$ are fixed constants and $\lambda$ is an arbitrary parameter.

## Group- B

3. Answer any one question:
$[1 \times 3=3]$
(a) Eliminate the arbitrary constants $a, b$ and obtain the p.d.e from the equation $z=$ $(x+a)(y+b)$.
(b) Find the differential equation of the set of all right circular cones whose axes coincide with $z$-axis.
4. Answer any one question:
(a) Solve $\cos (x+y) p+\sin (x+y) q=z$.
(b) Find the equation of the integral surface of the P.D.E. $2 y(z-3) p+(2 x-z) q=$ $y(2 x-3)$, which passes through the circle $z=0, x^{2}-2 x+y^{2}=0$.

# 2022 <br> Gour Mahavidyalaya <br> MATHEMATICS (Honours) <br> Paper Code: MATH-H-DC 09 <br> Mechanics <br> [CBCS] 

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1. (a) What do you mean by resultant force?

The resultant of two forces $P$ and $Q$ is of magnitude $P$. Show that, if $P$ be doubled, the new resultant is at right angles to $Q$ and its magnitude will be $\sqrt{4 P^{2}-Q^{2}}$.
or
(b) What do you mean by coplanar forces?

The greatest and least magnitudes of the resultant of two forces of constant magnitudes are $R$ and $S$ respectively. Prove that, when the forces act at an ale $2 \phi$, the resultant is of magnitude $\sqrt{R^{2} \cos ^{2} \phi+S^{2} \sin ^{2} \phi}$.
2. (a) What is couple and moments of a couple?
(b) Show that, any force F acting at a point A of a rigid body can be replaced by an equal and parallel force F acting at an arbitrary choosen point O of the body together with a couple whose moment is equal to the moment of the given force F about the choosen point O .
3. (a) (i) Show that, if a system is not in equilibrium then it can be reduced either to a single force or to a single couple.
(ii) $M_{1}, M_{2}, M_{3}$ are the moments of a system of forces acting in the $x y$ plane, about three non-collinear points $\left(x_{1}, y_{1}\right),\left(x_{2}, y_{2}\right),\left(x_{3}, y_{3}\right)$ respectively. If the resultant of the system is a single force at the origin, Show that

$$
M_{1}\left(x_{2} y_{3}-x_{3} y_{2}\right)+M_{2}\left(x_{3} y_{1}-x_{1} y_{3}\right)+M_{3}\left(x_{1} y_{2}-x_{2} y_{1}\right)=0 .
$$

or
(b) If a system of coplanar forces acting at different points of a rigid body. Write down the changes in the resultant when each force be turned in the plane of forces about its point of application through the same angle in the same sense. Also discuss about equilibrium of the new system if the old system is in equilibrium.

# GOUR <br> MAHAVIDYALAYA <br> MATHEMATICS(Hons) <br> $4^{\text {th }}$ Semester Hons Class Test <br> Exam( $\left.1^{\text {st }}\right)$ <br> Paper Code-DC-10 <br> Time-One Hour <br> F.M.-20 

1. Answer all the questions.

## 5

(a) Define Simple and Compound Event.
[2]
(b) A coin is tossed and a die is thrown simultaneously. Write down the sample space.
[1]
(c) What is random variable?
[2]
2. Answer any three questions.
$5 \times 3=15$
(a) If $m$ things are distributed among a men and $b$ women, show that the chance that the things received by men is odd is $\frac{1}{2} \frac{(b+a)^{m}-(b-a)^{m}}{(b+a)^{m}}$.
(b) A man speaks $80 \%$ truth and another $90 \%$. While stating the same fact, what is the probability that they (i) contradict, (ii) agree? [5]
(c) A random variable takes the values $-3,-2$, $1,0,1,2,3$ such that

$$
\begin{gathered}
P(X=0)=P(X>0)=P(X<0) ; \\
P(X=-3)=P(X=-2)=P(X=-1) ; \\
P(X=1)=P(X=2)=P(X=3) .
\end{gathered}
$$

Obtain the probability distribution and distribution function of $X$.
[5]
(d) $n$ letter to each of which corresponds an envelope, are placed in the envelopes at random. What is the probability that exactly $r$ letters are placed in the right envelopes? [5]

GOUR
MAHAVIDYALAYA
MATHEMATICS(Hons)
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